

UTILITY PATENT APPL	ICATION TRANSM	ITTAL
Submit an original and a d (Only for new nonprovisional ap	duplicate for fee processing plications under 37 CFR §1.53(b))	
		06357
ADDRESS TO:	First Named Inventor H	louis c 29
Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box Patent Application	Express Mail No. E	:L303750372US 8
Washington, D.C. 20231		
APPLICATION ELEMENTS	ACCOMPANYING AF	
1. ☐ Utility Transmittal Form 2. ☐ Specification (including claims and abstract)	8. Assignment Pape (cover sheet and doct) 9. Power of Attorney 10. English Translation 11. Information Disclor Copies of Reduced Preliminary Amer 13. Return Receipt Preliminary Amer 14. Small Entity State Enclosed Statement file status still pro 15. Certified Copy of 16. Other:	ers Jument(s)) Jon Document (if applicable) Dosure Statement (IDS) Jument(s)
17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check ap	propriate box and supply th	e requisite information in
 (a) and (b) below: (a) ☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation ☐ Prior application information: Examiner (b) Preliminary Amendment: Relate Back - amend the specification by inserting the "This is a ☐ continuation ☐ divisional of ☐ Application No. , filed on ☐ International Application, filed on 	nuation-in-part of prior applion ; Group Art Unit: 35 USC §120. The Commis following sentence before t	cation Serial No ssioner is requested to he first line:

BASIC FEE		ICATION FEES		\$690.00
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	
Total Claims	17 -20=	0	x \$18.00	\$0
Independent Claims	3 -3=	0	x \$78.00	\$0
Multiple Dependen			+\$260.00	\$0
		Total of above	calculations =	\$690.00
fillweis placisigiblish pearlighbiblish	agree it 1933 gestiers in 1927 i verifieres estati	Reduction by 50% for filing by		\$()
Assignment foo if		Todaston s,	+ \$40.00	\$
☐ Assignment fee if a	applicable		TOTAL =	\$690.00

UTILITY PATEN	T APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL	Attorney Docket No. 206357			
19. Please charge my Deposit Account No. 12-1216 in the amount of \$					
	k in the amount of \$690.00 is enclosed.				
following type	sioner is hereby authorized to credit overpaymes to Deposit Account No. 12-1216: Fees required under 37 CFR §1.16. Fees required under 37 CFR §1.17.	ents or charge any additional fees of the			
future extens specifi	ommissioner is hereby generally authorized uncreply in this or any related application filed pursion of time as incorporating a request therefor, cally authorized to charge Deposit Account Noticion with such a request for an extension of time	and the Commissioner is hereby 12-1216 for any fee that may be due in			
	23. CORRESPONDENCE AD				
	Gordon R. Coons, Registration	No. 20821			
	Leydig, Voit & Mayer, Ltd.				
	Two Prudential Plaza, Suite 180 North Stetson	± 4900			
	Chicago, Illinois 60601-6	780			
	Telephone: (312) 616-56	500			
	Facsimile: (312) 616-57	700			
Name	Gordon R. Coons				
Signature	Andn R Gon				
Date	August 25, 2000				

Certificate of Mailing Under 37 CFR §1.10

I hereby certify that this Utility Patent Application Transmittal and all accompanying documents are being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office To Addressee" Service under 37 CFR §1.10 on the date indicated below and is addressed to: Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Box Patent Application, Washington, D.C. 20231.

Hademarks, Box I dent ipproduct	3, 3	
Brian D. Sandston	on O. Sands a	August 25, 2000
Name of Person Signing	Signature	Date

UTILITY (Rev. 6/29/2000)

UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION

ASSIGNEES:

DRAFTEX INDUSTRIES LIMITED

SHORT TITLE:

F32340US ("Aspirated Bellows")

FORMAL TITLE:

BLOW-MOULDED ARTICLES AND BLOW-

MOULDING METHODS FOR PRODUCING THEM

APPLICATION NO:

FILED:

PRIORITY CLAIMED:

United Kingdom, No. 0000102.4

Filed on 5th January 2000

MATHISEN, MACARA & CO. 6 - 8 Swakeleys Road, Ickenham, Uxbridge, England, UB10 8BZ

Agents for the Applicants

BACKGROUND OF INVENTION

The invention relates to blow-moulded articles and blow-moulding methods for producing them. Articles embodying the invention and to be described in more detail below are bellows arrangements for protecting moving parts in the mechanism of motor vehicles.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to the invention, there is provided an article produced by blow-moulding of a parison or preform, and including a separate element having an opening, the separate element being joined to the parison or preform during blowing of the parison or preform, and in which the blown material of the parison or preform enters the opening and is itself formed with an opening during and by blowing of the parison or preform so that the interior of the article is in communication with the interior of the separate element.

According to the invention, there is further provided a flexible bellows arrangement made of thermoplastics material by blow-moulding a parison or preform and having a connector element with a hollow passage therethrough which is secured at a predetermined position to the wall of the bellows to enable a connection to be made to the interior of the bellows through its wall, the connector element being sealed and secured in position by blow-moulded material of the parison or preform which has entered the hollow passage of the connector element to weld the material of the parison or preform to the material of the connector element and to form an opening through the material of the parison or preform which communicates with the hollow passage.

According to the invention, there is also provided a method of securing a separate element having an opening therein to the wall of an article which is produced by blowing a parison or preform, comprising the steps of separately producing the separate element, placing it in a mould which receives the parison or preform, and blowing the parison or preform in the mould so that material of the parison or preform enters the opening of the separate

element and secures the element to the article, the blowing of the material of the parison or preform into the opening of the separate element forming an aperture in the parison or preform at that position whereby to form a communication between the interior of the article and the opening of the separate element.

In embodiments of the invention to be described, therefore, connector elements can easily be sealingly welded to products such as bellows made by extrusion blow-moulding or injection blow-moulding.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Bellows arrangements embodying the invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying diagrammatic drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a cross-section through one of the bellows arrangements;

Figure 2 is an enlarged view of the portion of Figure 1 shown at II; and

Figure 3 is an end view of part of a connector shown in Figure 2, looking in the direction of the arrow III.

DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The bellows arrangement 10 shown in Figures 1 and 2 comprises a small diameter fixing collar 12 at one end and a larger diameter fixing collar 14 at the opposite end, with a plurality of bellows turns 16 integrally extending between the two collars. In use, the fixing collars 12 and 14 are used to attach the bellows to two relatively movable parts of a mechanism (not shown) which is to be protected in a motor vehicle. The collars 12 and 14 may be fixed to different parts of the mechanism by suitable circumferentially extending clamping rings. The bellows protects the mechanism from ingress of water,

dirt and other contamination.

In one particular application of the bellows 10, two of them are respectively mounted to protect the ends of a steering rack of the steering mechanism on the vehicle. Thus, the steering mechanism may comprise a steering box operated directly by the driver's steering wheel or through the intermediary of a power steering arrangement. A steering rack extends outwardly in opposite directions from each side of the steering box and is moved axially in one or the other direction by the steering box, in response to steering action by the driver, the opposite ends of the rack being connected to turn the steerable wheels of the vehicle. In use, a bellows 10 extends from one side of the steering box, with its larger diameter fixing collar 14 being secured to the steering box where the steering rack extends outwardly therefrom. The smaller diameter collar 12 of the bellows 10 is secured to the distal end of the rack.

At the opposite side of the steering box, from which the second end of the rack protrudes, a second bellows 10 is secured, with its smaller diameter collar 12 fixed to that distal end of the steering rack.

The two bellows bellows 10 thus protect the two end portions of the rack and flexibly accommodate the axial movement of the bellows.

As the rack moves to and fro, in order to carry out desired steering action, the two bellows 10 will be alternately compressed and expanded. It is therefore necessary to accommodate the resultant changes in pressure in the two bellows. If this is not done, excessive pressure may rupture the bellows. In order to deal with this problem, it is known to interconnect the interiors of the two bellows. In this way, when one bellows is contracted by movement of the rack, the increased pressure within the bellows is transmitted to the interior of the other bellows which will at the same time be expanded.

In accordance with a feature of the bellows being described, this interconnection between

the two bellows at opposite ends of the steering rack is implemented by means of an interconnection tube (not shown) which extends sealingly between two connectors, of which one is shown at 20 in Figures 1 and 2. The connector 20 is L-shaped in form, comprising a relatively long hollow tubular part 22 and a relatively short hollow tubular part 24. Each part 22,24 has an open end 22A,24A. As shown in Figures 1 and 2, the connector 20 is secured in position on the bellows 10 so that the end 24A is attached to the wall of the bellows adjacent the larger diameter collar 14 and with the hollow interior of the portion 24 thus open to the interior 25 of the bellows. The portion 24 of the connector 20 thus extends radially of the axis of the bellows and the portion 22 of the connector extends in an axial direction.

The connector 20 of the bellows 10 at the other end (not shown) of the steering rack is mounted similarly on that bellows, and the two ends 22A of the connectors are interconnected by the interconnection tube (not shown) which is preferably rigid and fits inside the hollow tubular parts 22 of the connectors 20 of the two bellows.

The bellows of the form shown in the Figures need to be produced in large quantities using mass-production techniques. A usual way of producing the bellows is by a blow-moulding technique using thermoplastic material. A parison or preform of thermoplastic material in a suitable mould is blown to produce the bellows (for simplicity, the term "parison" will be used alone in the following description and in the claims but is intended to include "preform" where injection blow-moulding is used). It is desirable that the connector 20 be secured to the bellows 10 in an efficient manner, necessitating the minimum number of operations. In accordance with a feature of the bellows being described, the connector 20 is separately produced, such as from relatively stiff thermoplastics material by a suitable moulding operation. It is then placed in the mould which is used for blow-moulding the bellows 10. The parison of thermoplastics material is formed in the interior of this mould and then blown internally to produce the form of the bellows. This blowing action blows the material of the parison into the end 24A of the portion 24 of the connector 20 and thus sealingly secures the parison to the connector

20 by welding the material of the parison to the material of the connector 20. Simultaneously, a hole is formed through a circular wall portion 26 of the parison by the blowing operation which thus connects the interior 25 of the bellows to the interior of the connector 20, all as shown in Figure 2.

The connector 20 is very firmly secured to the parison. The welding operation forms a very strong welded bond between the material of the connector 20 and the material of the parison. In addition, a mechanical bond is formed between the connector and the parison by the material of the parison where it enters the end 24A of the connector 20.

The arrangement described and illustrated herein is therefore advantageous over known arrangements in which connectors similar to the connector 20 are mounted on the bellows by a glueing operation, which is complex, requiring several different operations including the formation of a hole through the wall of the bellows. The arrangement described and illustrated herein is also advantageous over arrangements in which the connector 20 is moulded integrally with the bellows. Such arrangements are complex because it is necessary to carry out a separate operation to form a hole through the wall of the bellows. In the arrangement described and illustrated herein, the only condition that the materials of the tubular part 24 and the parison have to satisfy is chemical compatibility. This enables various modifications to be easily made. For example, the connector 20 could be relatively stiff, and the interconnection tube (for connecting the connectors 20 of the two bellows) could be flexible. However, other modifications are also possible.

The arrangement illustrated is advantageous in that the connector 20 can be very precisely located relative to the wall of the bellows, because it is positioned within the mould itself, or it can be very precisely located relative to the blown part of the wall of the bellows in the case where the bellows is only partially blown.

As shown in Figure 2, the end 24A of the connector portion 24 can be formed with a circular recess 28 for receiving the material of the parison as it is blown into the end 24A.

Figure 3 shows an end view of the connector 20, viewed in the direction of the arrow III of Figure 2, before it is positioned in the mould. It has a base 30 and ribs 32,32 which support the tubular parts 22,24. The blowing operation which blows the parison into the form of the bellows is thus arranged to produce a small flat area in the generally circular wall portion 26. The base 30 (Figure 3) of the connector 20 is received on the outside of this flat area. On the inside of the bellows, the inside surface of this flat area merges into the inside of the circular wall portion 26 as shown at 34 (in Figure 2 but not in Figure 1).

It will be appreciated that the connector 20 can be situated at any desired position on the external wall of the bellows. The connector 20 can have any desired rigidity.

Although the above description explains how a connector 20 can be secured to the wall of a bellows 10, it will be appreciated that the same process can be used in many other applications where it is desired to attach a connector or other part having an opening, to the external surface or wall of a part which is produced by a blow moulding operation.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS

- 1. In combination, an article produced by blow-moulding of a parison and a separate element having an opening,
 - the separate element being joined to the parison during blowing of the parison, and
 - the blown material of the parison enters the opening and is itself formed with an opening during and by blowing of the parison so that the interior of the article is in communication with the interior of the separate element.
- 2. The combination according to claim 1, in which the parison is of thermoplastics material.
- 3. The combination according to claim 1, in which the separate element is made of moulded thermoplastics material.
- 4. The combination according to claim 1, in which the opening of the separate element is shaped with a formation to receive the blown material of the parison.
- 5. The combination according to claim 4, in which the formation is a circular recess.
- 6. The combination according to claim 1, in which the article is in the form of a flexible bellows, and in which the separate element is a connector enabling an external connection to be made to the interior of the bellows.
- 7. The combination according to claim 1, in which the separate element is joined to the parison by welding and mechanical bonding.
- 8. A flexible bellows arrangement made of thermoplastics material by blow-

moulding a parison and having a connector element with a hollow passage therethrough which is secured at a predetermined position to the wall of the bellows to enable a connection to be made to the interior of the bellows through its wall in which,

the connector element is sealed and secured in position by blow-moulded material of the parison which has entered the hollow passage of the connector element to weld the material of the parison to the material of the connector element and to form an opening through the material of the parison which communicates with the hollow passage.

- 9. A bellows arrangement according to claim 8, in which the connector element is made of moulded thermoplastics material.
- 10. A bellows arrangement according to claim 8, in which the connector element is of hollow tubular form.
- 11. A bellows arrangement according to claim 10, in which the connector element comprises a first hollow tubular portion extending generally radially of the bellows and a second integral hollow tubular portion extending generally parallel to the axis of the bellows.
- 12. A bellows arrangement according to claim 8, in combination with a second bellows arrangement according to claim 8, the interiors of the two bellows arrangements being connected together by means of their connector elements.
- 13. A method of securing a separate element having an opening therein to the wall of an article which is produced by blowing a parison, comprising the steps of
 - separately producing the separate element,

placing it in a mould which receives the parison, and

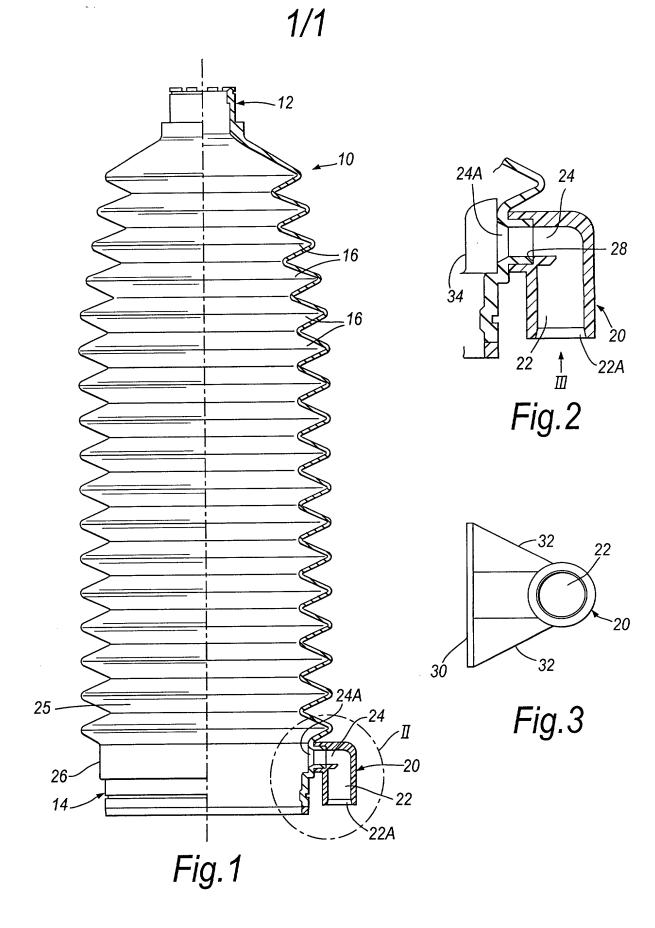
blowing the parison in the mould so that material of the parison enters the opening of the separate element and secures the element to the article,

the blowing of the material of the parison into the opening of the separate element forming an aperture in the parison at that position whereby to form a communication between the interior of the article and the opening of the separate element.

- 14. A method according to claim 13, including the step of producing a formation in the separate element at its opening for receiving the blown material of the parison.
- 15. A method according to claim 13, in which the article is a flexible bellows.
- 16. A method according to claim 13, in which the material of the parison is thermoplastic material.
- 17. A method according to claim 13, in which the separate element is secured to the article by welding and mechanical bonding.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A flexible bellows, such as for protecting the end of a longitudinally movable steering rack, has a hollow connector mounted on it adjacent its larger diameter fixing collar. The connector enables a connection to be made from the interior of the bellows through a similar connector on a second bellows covering the opposite end of the rack and thus to the interior of the second bellows. As the rack moves to and fro, compressing one bellows and expanding the other, the increased pressure in the compressed bellows is automatically transferred to the expanded bellows. The connector is pre-produced, such as from relatively rigid material by a moulding operation, and then placed in the mould which is used for producing the bellows. A parison or preform of thermoplastics material is placed in the mould and then blown to form the bellows. This operation forces some of the blown material of the parison or preform into the open end of the connector, which at the same time secures the connector to the bellows and forms an opening through the wall of the bellows to connect the interior of the bellows to the interior of the connector.



COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As below named	inventor, I hereby declar	re that		
[¾] origi [] natio	s of the following type: nal [] design [] supple nal stage of PCT ional [] continuation [
first, and sole inv	entor (if only one name	izenship are as stated below ne is listed below) or an original, it is claimed and for which a pate	first, and joint inventor	(if plural names are
		and Blow-Moulding		
the specification of	of which:			
[X]	is attached hereto.			
ίí	was as filed on	Serial No	a	nd was amended on
		(if applicable).		
[]	was filed by Express I	Mail No.	, as Serial No. not	known yet, and was
()	amended on			
[]		laimed in PCT International	Application No.	filed on
L J		and as amended under PCT	Article 19 on	(if
	any).			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claim(s), as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or of any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed by me on the same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) of which priority is claimed.

COUNTRY	APPLICATION	DATE OF FILING (day,month,year)		NORITY	
United Kingdom	0000102.4	5 Jan. 2000	Х	YES	ИО
				YES	NO
				YES	NO

I hereby claim the benefit pursuant to Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) of the following United States provisional application(s):

Sie mige 2 -

PRIOR U.S. PROVISIONAL A THE BENEFIT UND	
APPLICATION NO.	DATE OF FILING

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s) or PCT international application(s) designating the United States of America that is/are listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in that/those prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

PRIOR	U.S. A	PPLICATI	ONS OR PCT INTERI HE U.S. FOR BENEF	NATIONAL AF IT UNDER 35 (PPLICATIONS JSC 120	,
U.S	S. APPL	ICATION	3	S	Status (check of	ne)
U.S. APPLICATIONS		U.S	S. FILING DATE	PATENTED	PENDING	ABANDONED
1.0/						
2.0/						
3.0/						
PCT APPLICAT	IONS D	ESIGNAT	ING THE U.S.	Status (check one)		
PCT APPLICATION NO.	1	PCT FILING U.S. SERIAL NOS. DATE ASSIGNED (if any)		PATENTED	PENDING	ABANDONED
4.						
5.						
6.						

		ICATIONS FROM WHI ABOVE LISTED U.S./I		
ABOVE APPLN. NO.	COUNTRY	APPLICATION NO.	DATE OF FILING (day,month,yr)	DATE OF ISSUE (day,month,yr)
1.				
2.				-
3.		,		
4.				
5.				•
6.				

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorneys to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

Berton Scott Sheppard, Reg. 20922 James B. Muskal, Reg. 22797 Dennis R. Schlemmer, Reg. 24703 Gordon R. Coons, Reg. 20821 John E. Rosenquist, Reg. 26356 John W. Kozak, Reg. 25117 Charles S. Oslakovic, Reg. 27583 Mark E. Phelps, Reg. 28461 H. Michael Hartmann, Reg. 28423 Bruce M. Gagala, Reg. 28844 Charles H. Mottier, Reg. 30874 John Kilyk, Jr., Reg. 30763 Robert F. Green, Reg. 27555 John B. Conklin, Reg. 30369 James D. Zalewa, Reg. 27848

John M. Belz, Reg. 30359
Brett A. Hesterberg, Reg. 31837
Jeffrey A. Wyand, Reg. 29458
Richard M. Johnson, Reg. 33405
Paul J. Korniczky, Reg. 32849
Pamela J. Ruschau, Reg. 34242
Steven P. Petersen, 32927
John M. Augustyn, Reg. 33589
Christopher T. Griffith, Reg. 33992
Frederick N. Samuels, Reg. 37415
Wesley O. Mueller, Reg. 33976
Jeremy M. Jay, Reg. 33587
Jeffrey B. Burgan, Reg. 35463
Eley O. Thompson, Reg. 36035
Mark Joy, Reg. 35562

Regina M. Anderson, Reg. 35820 Allen E. Hoover, Reg. 37354 David M. Airan, Reg. 38811 Michael H. Tobias, Reg. 32948 Xavier Pillai, Reg. 39799 G. Russell Thill, Reg. 39854 David M. Thimmig, Reg. 36034 Carol Larcher, Reg. 35243 Thomas A. Miller, Reg. 40091 David J. Schodin, Reg. 41294 Paul L. Ahem, Reg. 17020 Theodore W. Anderson, Reg. 17035 Noel I. Smith, Reg. 18698

I further direct that correspondence concerning this application be directed to LEYDIG, VOIT & MAYER, LTD., Two Prudential Plaza, Suite 4900, 180 North Stetson, Chicago, Illinois 60601-6780, Telephone (312) 616-5600.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true, that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of sole or first inventor:
Inventor's signature
Date Country of Citizenship:France
Residence: Thouare-sur-Loire, France
Post Office Address: 18 avenue de Chambord, 44470 Thouaré-sur-Loire, France.
Full name of second joint inventor, if any: Yann LELIEVRE
Inventor's signature
Date Country of Citizenship:France
Residence: La Chapelle-Basse-Mer, France
Post Office Address: 2 rue de Galerne, 44450 La Chapelle-Basse-Mer, France.
Full name of third joint inventor, if any: Rémi BOYEN
Inventor's signature
Date Country of Citizenship: France
Residence: Nantes, France
Post Office Address: 17 rue de Mourzouck, 44300 Nantes, France.